

Right now, the TEMPO study is enrolling children and adults with PWS who have excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS). Researchers are assessing an investigational medication to see if it impacts EDS in people with PWS. They also want to see if it will have an impact on irritable and disruptive behaviors as well as on hyperphagia (excessive eating).

PWS is a rare genetic disorder, meaning that people are born with it. So even though there is no "cure," there are some common symptoms – like excessive daytime sleepiness (feeling very sleepy during the day) – that may be able to be managed or even treated, but research studies like this one are key to developing medications that could help.

Contact us today to learn more.



Are 6 years of age or older.

Have a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome.

Have excessive daytime sleepiness.

